POLICY ON RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

TAKE Solutions Limited

POLICY ON RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS



1. SCOPE AND PURPOSE OF THE POLICY

As per the requirements of Sec 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") read with the Companies (Meetings of Board & its Powers), Rules 2014 and Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 and subsequent modifications or enactment thereof ("Regulations"), the Company has formulated guidelines for identification of related parties and the proper conduct and documentation of all related party transactions. Also, regulation 23 of the said Regulation, requires a company to formulate a policy on materiality of related party transactions and dealing with related party transactions.

2. PURPOSE

This policy is framed to ensure the governance and reporting of transactions between the Company and its Related Parties. Such transactions are appropriate only if they are in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders. The Company is required to disclose each year in the Financial Statements certain transactions between the Company and Related Parties as well as policies concerning transactions with Related Parties.

3. **DEFINITIONS**

"Arm's length transaction ('ALP')" means a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.

A "transaction" with a related party shall be construed to include single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract.

"Associate Company", in relation to another company, means a company in which that other company has a significant influence, but which is not a subsidiary company of the company having such influence and includes a joint venture company.

"Related Party" means a person or entity that is related to the Company. Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party, directly or indirectly, in making financial and/or operating decisions and includes the following:

- i. A director or his relative;
- ii. A key managerial personnel or his relative;
- iii. A firm, in which a director, manager or his relative is a partner;
- iv. A private company in which a director or manager is a member or director;
- v. A public company in which a director or manager is a director or holds along with his relatives, more than two per cent of its paid-up share capital;
- vi. Any body corporate whose Board of Directors, managing director or manager is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of a director or manager;

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- vii. Any person on whose advice, directions or instructions a director or manager is accustomed to act:
 - Provided that nothing in sub-clauses (vi) and (vii) shall apply to the advice, directions or instructions given in a professional capacity;
- viii. Any company which is
 - a) A holding, subsidiary or an associate company of such company; or
 - b) A subsidiary of a holding company to which it is also a subsidiary;
- ix. Such other persons as may be prescribed Director or Key Managerial Personnel of the holding company or his relative, shall be deemed to be related party.

Provided that any person or entity belonging to the promoter or promoter group of the listed entity and holding 20% or more of shareholding in the listed entity shall be deemed to be a related party

- 2. An entity is related to a company if any of the following conditions applies:
 - a) Such entity is a related party under Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013; or
 - b) Such entity is a related party under the applicable accounting standards."

"Related Party Transaction" means transaction in the nature of contract involving transfer of resources, services or obligations between a company and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

"Relatives": "Relative", with reference to any person, means anyone who is related to another, if—

- i. They are members of a Hindu Undivided Family;
- ii. They are husband and wife; or
- iii. One person is related to the other in such manner as may be prescribed, which is as follows:
 - (a) Father (including step-father)
 - (b) Mother (including step-mother)
 - (c) Son (including step-son)
 - (d) Son's wife
 - (e) Daughter
 - (f) Daughter's husband
 - (g) Brother (including step-brother)
 - (h) Sister (including step-sister)

4. Procedure

All Related Party Transactions shall be reported to the Audit Committee for its approval in accordance with this Policy.

4.1. Identification of Potential Related Party Transactions

Each Director and Key Managerial Personnel is responsible for providing Notice to the Company Secretary of any potential Related Party Transaction involving him/her or his or her relative, including any additional information about the transaction that

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the Board/Audit Committee may request, for being placed before the Audit Committee and the Board. The Board shall record the disclosure of Interest and the Audit Committee will determine whether the transaction does, in fact, constitute a Related Party Transaction requiring compliance with this policy.

4.2. Review and Approval of Related Party Transactions

Every Related Party Transactions shall be subject to the prior approval of the Audit Committee whether at a meeting or by resolutions by circulation. Any member of the Committee who has a potential interest in any Related Party Transaction will abstain from discussion and voting on the approval of the Related Party Transaction.

To review a Related Party Transaction, the Committee shall be provided with all relevant material information of the Related Party Transaction, including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Company and to the Related Party, and any other relevant matters. The information provided shall specifically cover the following:

- I. The name of the related party and nature of relationship;
- II. The nature, duration of the contract and particulars of the contract or arrangement;
- III. The material terms of the contract or arrangement including the value, if any;
- IV. Any advance paid or received for the contract or arrangement, if any;
- V. The manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms, both included as part of contract and not considered as part of the contract;
- VI. Whether all factors relevant to the contract have been considered, if not, the details of factors not considered with the rationale for not considering those factors; and
- VII. Any other information relevant or important for the Committee to take a decision on the proposed transaction.

In determining whether to approve a Related Party Transaction, the Committee will consider the following factors, among others, to the extent relevant to the Related Party Transaction:

- Whether the terms of the Related Party Transaction are fair and on arm's length basis to the Company and would apply on the same basis if the transaction did not involve a Related Party;
- Whether there are any undue compelling business reasons for the Company to enter into the Related Party Transaction and the nature of alternative transactions, if any;
- iii. Whether the Related Party Transaction would affect the independence of the directors/KMP;
- iv. Whether the proposed transaction includes any potential reputational risk issues that may arise as a result of or in connection with the proposed transaction;

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Where the ratification of the Related Party Transaction is allowed by law and is sought from the Committee, the reason for not obtaining the prior approval of the Committee and the relevance of business urgency and whether subsequent ratification would be detrimental to the Company; and

v. Whether the Related Party transaction would present an improper conflict of interest for any director or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, taking into account the size of the transaction, the overall financial position of the director, Executive Officer or other Related Party, the direct or indirect nature of the director's, Key Managerial Personnel's or other Related Party's interest in the transaction and the ongoing nature of any proposed relationship and any other factors the Board/Committee deems relevant.

If the Committee determines that a Related Party Transaction should be brought before the Board and the Board may consider and approve the Related Party Transaction.

All the Transactions which are not in the Ordinary Course of Business and at Arms' Length Basis shall also require the approval of the shareholders through special resolution and the Related Parties shall abstain from voting on such resolution.

5. Material Related Party Transaction

A transaction with a related party shall be considered material if the transaction / transactions to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds ten percent of the consolidated annual turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the company.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following Related Party Transactions shall not require approval of Audit Committee or Shareholders:

- I. Any transaction that involves the providing of compensation to a director or Key Managerial Personnel in connection with his or her duties to the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associates, including the reimbursement of reasonable business and travel expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business.
- II. Any transaction in which the Related Party's interest arises solely from ownership of securities issued by the Company and all holders of such securities receive the same benefits pro rata as the Related Party.

6. Related Party Transactions not approved under this Policy

In the event the Company becomes aware of a Transaction with a Related Party that has not been approved under this Policy prior to its consummation, the matter shall be reviewed by the Committee. The Committee shall consider all of the relevant facts and circumstances regarding the Related Party Transaction, and shall evaluate all options available to the Company, including ratification, revision or termination of the Related Party Transaction. The Committee shall also examine the facts and circumstances pertaining to the failure of reporting such Related Party Transaction to the Committee



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under this Policy and failure of the internal control systems, and shall take any such action it deems appropriate.

In any case, where the Committee determines not to ratify a Related Party Transaction that has been commenced without approval, the Committee, as appropriate, may direct additional actions including, but not limited to, discontinuation of the transaction or seeking the approval of the shareholders, payment of compensation for the loss suffered by the related party etc. In connection with any review of a Related Party Transaction, the Committee has authority to modify or waive any procedural requirements of this Policy.

This Policy will be communicated to all operational employees and other concerned persons of the Company and shall be placed on the website of the Company at www.takesolutions.com.